ANIMAL WELFARE AMENDMENTS
2018 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Gene Davis
House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends cruelty to animals provisions.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 makes it a crime to leave an animal tethered or unattended, under certain conditions,
in a manner that prevents the animal from reaching shelter; and
 makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
76-9-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 329
76-9-301.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 292
76-9-301.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 292
76-10-1602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 167
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 76-9-301 is amended to read:



28	76-9-301. Cruelty to animals.
29	(1) As used in this section:
30	(a) (i) "Abandon" means to intentionally deposit, leave, or drop off any live animal:
31	(A) without providing for the care of that animal, in accordance with accepted animal
32	husbandry practices or customary farming practices; or
33	(B) in a situation where conditions present an immediate, direct, and serious threat to
34	the life, safety, or health of the animal.
35	(ii) "Abandon" does not include returning wildlife to its natural habitat.
36	(b) (i) "Animal" means, except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(ii), a live, nonhuman
37	vertebrate creature.
38	(ii) "Animal" does not include[:(A)] a live, nonhuman vertebrate creature, if[:(I)] the
39	conduct toward the creature, and the care provided to the creature, is in accordance with
40	accepted animal husbandry practices[;], and [(H)] the creature is:
41	[(Aa)] (A) owned or kept by a zoological park that is accredited by, or a member of,
42	the American Zoo and Aquarium Association;
43	[(Bb)] (B) kept, owned, or used for the purpose of training hunting dogs or raptors; or
44	[(Ce)] (C) temporarily in the state as part of a circus or traveling exhibitor licensed by
45	the United States Department of Agriculture under 7 U.S.C. 2133;
46	(iii) "Animal" also does not include:
47	[(B)] (A) a live, nonhuman vertebrate creature that is owned, kept, or used for rodeo
48	purposes, if the conduct toward the creature, and the care provided to the creature, is in
49	accordance with accepted rodeo practices;
50	[(C)] (B) livestock, if the conduct toward the creature, and the care provided to the
51	creature, is in accordance with accepted animal husbandry practices or customary farming
52	practices; or
53	[(D)] (C) wildlife, as defined in Section 23-13-2, including protected and unprotected
54	wildlife, if the conduct toward the wildlife is in accordance with lawful hunting, fishing, or
55	trapping practices or other lawful practices.
56	(c) "Companion animal" means an animal that is a domestic dog or a domestic cat.
57	(d) "Custody" means ownership, possession, or control over an animal.
58	(e) "Legal privilege" means an act that:

59	(i) is authorized by state law, including Division of Wildlife Resources rules; and
60	(ii) is not in violation of a local ordinance.
61	(f) "Livestock" means:
62	(i) domesticated:
63	(A) cattle;
64	(B) sheep;
65	(C) goats;
66	(D) turkeys;
67	(E) swine;
68	(F) equines;
69	(G) camelidae;
70	(H) ratites; or
71	(I) bison;
72	(ii) domesticated elk, as defined in Section 4-39-102; or
73	(iii) any domesticated nonhuman vertebrate creature, domestic furbearer, or domestic
74	poultry, raised, kept, or used for agricultural purposes.
75	(g) "Necessary food, water, care, or shelter" means the following, taking into account
76	the species, age, and physical condition of the animal:
77	(i) appropriate and essential food and water;
78	(ii) adequate protection, including appropriate shelter, against extreme weather
79	conditions; and
80	(iii) other essential care.
81	(h) (i) "Shelter," as the term relates to an animal other than a dog or cat, means natural
82	or artificial protection against inclement weather and direct sunlight.
83	(ii) "Shelter," as it relates to a dog or cat, means a barn, dog house, or other enclosed
84	structure that:
85	(A) is sufficiently sound to protect against inclement weather and extreme
86	temperatures;
87	(B) prevents penetration by moisture;
88	(C) includes, in an appropriate size for the dog or cat, a floor with a solid surface, a
89	roof, coverage on all sides, a door or entry portal, and sufficient space to allow for freedom of

90	movement,
91	(D) contains hay, straw, bedding, or a safe, artificial heat source, that allows the dog or
92	cat to maintain a normal body temperature; and
93	(E) is adequately ventilated and clean.
94	(iii) "Shelter" does not include:
95	(A) a crawl space under a building or a part of a building;
96	(B) steps, a deck, or a stoop;
97	(C) a vehicle or the space under a vehicle;
98	(D) an animal carrier or crate designed for temporary transport or temporary housing;
99	(E) a structure made of cardboard or another material that is easily degradable; or
100	(F) a structure with a wire or chain link floor.
101	[(h)] (i) "Torture" means intentionally or knowingly causing or inflicting extreme
102	physical pain to an animal in an especially heinous, atrocious, cruel, or exceptionally depraved
103	manner.
104	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4) or (6), a person is guilty of cruelty to an
105	animal if the person, without legal privilege to do so, intentionally, knowingly, recklessly, or
106	with criminal negligence:
107	(a) fails to provide necessary food, water, care, or shelter for an animal in the person's
108	custody;
109	(b) abandons an animal in the person's custody;
110	(c) injures an animal;
111	(d) leaves an animal in the person's custody tethered or unattended in a manner that
112	prevents the animal from reaching shelter:
113	(i) when the temperature is below 32 degrees Fahrenheit or above 85 degrees
114	Fahrenheit; or
115	(ii) when the animal is exposed to wind above 40 miles per hour, or to rain, hail, or
116	snow;
117	[(d)] (e) causes any animal, not including a dog or game fowl, to fight with another
118	animal of like kind for amusement or gain; or
119	[(e)] (f) causes any animal, including a dog or game fowl, to fight with a different kind
120	of animal or creature for amusement or gain.

121	(3) Except as provided in Section /6-9-301./, a violation of Subsection (2) is:
122	(a) a class B misdemeanor if committed intentionally or knowingly; and
123	(b) a class C misdemeanor if committed recklessly or with criminal negligence.
124	(4) A person is guilty of aggravated cruelty to an animal if the person:
125	(a) tortures an animal;
126	(b) administers, or causes to be administered, poison or a poisonous substance to an
127	animal; or
128	(c) kills an animal or causes an animal to be killed without having a legal privilege to
129	do so.
130	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6) or Section 76-9-301.7, a violation of
131	Subsection (4) is:
132	(a) a class A misdemeanor if committed intentionally or knowingly;
133	(b) a class B misdemeanor if committed recklessly; and
134	(c) a class C misdemeanor if committed with criminal negligence.
135	(6) A person is guilty of a third degree felony if the person intentionally or knowingly
136	tortures a companion animal.
137	(7) It is a defense to prosecution under this section that the conduct of the actor towards
138	the animal was:
139	(a) by a licensed veterinarian using accepted veterinary practice;
140	(b) directly related to bona fide experimentation for scientific research, provided that if
141	the animal is to be destroyed, the manner employed will not be unnecessarily cruel unless
142	directly necessary to the veterinary purpose or scientific research involved;
143	(c) permitted under Section 18-1-3;
144	(d) by a person who humanely destroys any animal found suffering past recovery for
145	any useful purpose; or
146	(e) by a person who humanely destroys any apparently abandoned animal found on the
147	person's property.
148	(8) For purposes of Subsection (7)(d), before destroying the suffering animal, the
149	person who is not the owner of the animal shall obtain:
150	(a) the judgment of a veterinarian of the animal's nonrecoverable condition;
151	(b) the judgment of two other persons called by the person to view the unrecoverable

152 condition of the animal in the person's presence;

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- (c) the consent from the owner of the animal to the destruction of the animal; or
- (d) a reasonable conclusion that the animal's suffering is beyond recovery, through the person's own observation, if the person is in a location or circumstance where the person is unable to contact another person.
 - (9) This section does not affect or prohibit:
- (a) the training, instruction, and grooming of animals, if the methods used are in accordance with accepted animal husbandry practices or customary farming practices;
- (b) the use of an electronic locating or training collar by the owner of an animal for the purpose of lawful animal training, lawful hunting practices, or protecting against loss of that animal; or
 - (c) the lawful hunting of, fishing for, or trapping of, wildlife.
- (10) County and municipal governments may not prohibit the use of an electronic locating or training collar.
- (11) Upon conviction under this section, the court may in its discretion, in addition to other penalties:
- (a) order the defendant to be evaluated to determine the need for psychiatric or psychological counseling, to receive counseling as the court determines to be appropriate, and to pay the costs of the evaluation and counseling;
- (b) require the defendant to forfeit any rights the defendant has to the animal subjected to a violation of this section and to repay the reasonable costs incurred by any person or agency in caring for each animal subjected to violation of this section;
- (c) order the defendant to no longer possess or retain custody of any animal, as specified by the court, during the period of the defendant's probation or parole or other period as designated by the court; and
- (d) order the animal to be placed for the purpose of adoption or care in the custody of a county or municipal animal control agency or an animal welfare agency registered with the state to be sold at public auction or humanely destroyed.
 - (12) This section does not prohibit the use of animals in lawful training.
- 181 (13) A veterinarian who, acting in good faith, reports a violation of this section to law 182 enforcement may not be held civilly liable for making the report.

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Section 2. Section **76-9-301.5** is amended to read:

76-9-301.5. Spectator at organized animal fighting exhibitions.

It is unlawful for a person to knowingly be present as a spectator at any place, building, or tenement where preparations are being made for an exhibition of the fighting of animals, as prohibited by Subsections 76-9-301(2)[(d)](e) and [(e)] (f), or to be present at such exhibition, regardless of whether any entrance fee has been charged. A person who violates this section is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

Section 3. Section 76-9-301.6 is amended to read:

76-9-301.6. Dog fighting exhibition -- Authority to arrest and take possession of dogs and property.

- (1) A peace officer as defined in Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer Classifications, may enter any place, building, or tenement where an exhibition of dog fighting is occurring, or where preparations are being made for such an exhibition and, without a warrant, arrest all persons present.
- (2) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 76-9-305, any authorized officer who makes an arrest under Subsection (1) may lawfully take possession of all dogs, paraphernalia, implements, or other property or things used or employed, or to be employed, in an exhibition of dog fighting prohibited by Subsection 76-9-301(2)[(e)](f) or Section 76-9-301.1.
- (b) The officer, at the time of the taking of property pursuant to Subsection (2)(a), shall state his name and provide other identifying information to the person in charge of the dogs or property taken.
- (3) (a) After taking possession of dogs, paraphernalia, implements, or other property or things under Subsection (2), the officer shall file an affidavit with the judge or magistrate before whom a complaint has been made against any person arrested under this section.
 - (b) The affidavit shall include:
 - (i) the name of the person charged in the complaint;
 - (ii) a description of all property taken;
- 210 (iii) the time and place of the taking of the property;
 - (iv) the name of the person from whom the property was taken;
- (v) the name of the person who claims to own the property, if known; and
- (vi) a statement that the officer has reason to believe and believes that the property

taken was used or employed, or was to be used or employed, in violation of Section 76-9-301 or 76-9-301.1, and the grounds for the belief.

- (4) (a) The officer shall deliver the confiscated property to the judge or magistrate who shall, by order, place the property in the custody of the officer or any other person designated in the order, and that person shall keep the property until conviction or final discharge of the person against whom the complaint was made.
- (b) The person designated in Subsection (4)(a) shall assume immediate custody of the property, and retain the property until further order of the court.
- (c) Upon conviction of the person charged, all confiscated property shall be forfeited and destroyed or otherwise disposed of, as the court may order.
- (d) If the person charged is acquitted or discharged without conviction, the court shall, on demand, order the property to be returned to its owner.
 - Section 4. Section **76-10-1602** is amended to read:

76-10-1602. Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (1) "Enterprise" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust, association, or other legal entity, and any union or group of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity, and includes illicit as well as licit entities.
- (2) "Pattern of unlawful activity" means engaging in conduct which constitutes the commission of at least three episodes of unlawful activity, which episodes are not isolated, but have the same or similar purposes, results, participants, victims, or methods of commission, or otherwise are interrelated by distinguishing characteristics. Taken together, the episodes shall demonstrate continuing unlawful conduct and be related either to each other or to the enterprise. At least one of the episodes comprising a pattern of unlawful activity shall have occurred after July 31, 1981. The most recent act constituting part of a pattern of unlawful activity as defined by this part shall have occurred within five years of the commission of the next preceding act alleged as part of the pattern.
- (3) "Person" includes any individual or entity capable of holding a legal or beneficial interest in property, including state, county, and local governmental entities.
- (4) "Unlawful activity" means to directly engage in conduct or to solicit, request, command, encourage, or intentionally aid another person to engage in conduct which would

245	constitute any offense described by the following crimes or categories of crimes, or to attempt
246	or conspire to engage in an act which would constitute any of those offenses, regardless of
247	whether the act is in fact charged or indicted by any authority or is classified as a misdemeanor
248	or a felony:
249	(a) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 13, Chapter 10, Unauthorized
250	Recording Practices Act;
251	(b) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 19, Environmental Quality
252	Code, Sections 19-1-101 through 19-7-109;
253	(c) taking, destroying, or possessing wildlife or parts of wildlife for the primary
254	purpose of sale, trade, or other pecuniary gain, in violation of Title 23, Wildlife Resources
255	Code of Utah, or Section 23-20-4;
256	(d) false claims for medical benefits, kickbacks, and any other act prohibited by Title
257	26, Chapter 20, Utah False Claims Act, Sections 26-20-1 through 26-20-12;
258	(e) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 32B, Chapter 4, Criminal
259	Offenses and Procedure Act;
260	(f) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 57, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform
261	Land Sales Practices Act;
262	(g) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah
263	Controlled Substances Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act,
264	Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37d,
265	Clandestine Drug Lab Act;
266	(h) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform
267	Securities Act;
268	(i) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
269	Procurement Code;
270	(j) assault or aggravated assault, Sections 76-5-102 and 76-5-103;
271	(k) a threat of terrorism, Section 76-5-107.3;
272	(I) criminal homicide, Sections 76-5-201, 76-5-202, and 76-5-203;
273	(m) kidnapping or aggravated kidnapping, Sections 76-5-301 and 76-5-302;
274	(n) human trafficking, human smuggling, or aggravated human trafficking, Sections
275	76-5-308, 76-5-309, and 76-5-310;

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               (o) sexual exploitation of a minor, Section 76-5b-201;
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               (p) arson or aggravated arson, Sections 76-6-102 and 76-6-103;
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               (a) causing a catastrophe. Section 76-6-105:
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               (r) burglary or aggravated burglary, Sections 76-6-202 and 76-6-203;
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               (s) burglary of a vehicle, Section 76-6-204;
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               (t) manufacture or possession of an instrument for burglary or theft, Section 76-6-205;
282
               (u) robbery or aggravated robbery. Sections 76-6-301 and 76-6-302;
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               (v) theft. Section 76-6-404:
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               (w) theft by deception, Section 76-6-405;
               (x) theft by extortion, Section 76-6-406;
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               (y) receiving stolen property, Section 76-6-408;
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               (z) theft of services, Section 76-6-409;
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               (aa) forgery, Section 76-6-501;
               (bb) fraudulent use of a credit card, Sections 76-6-506.2, 76-6-506.3, 76-6-506.5, and
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       76-6-506.6:
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               (cc) deceptive business practices, Section 76-6-507;
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               (dd) bribery or receiving bribe by person in the business of selection, appraisal, or
       criticism of goods, Section 76-6-508:
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               (ee) bribery of a labor official, Section 76-6-509;
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               (ff) defrauding creditors, Section 76-6-511;
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               (gg) acceptance of deposit by insolvent financial institution, Section 76-6-512;
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               (hh) unlawful dealing with property by fiduciary, Section 76-6-513;
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               (ii) bribery or threat to influence contest, Section 76-6-514;
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               (ii) making a false credit report, Section 76-6-517;
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               (kk) criminal simulation, Section 76-6-518;
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               (11) criminal usury, Section 76-6-520;
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               (mm) fraudulent insurance act, Section 76-6-521;
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               (nn) retail theft. Section 76-6-602:
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               (oo) computer crimes, Section 76-6-703;
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               (pp) identity fraud, Section 76-6-1102;
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               (qq) mortgage fraud, Section 76-6-1203;
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338	(ppp) forging or counterfeiting trademarks, trade name, or trade device, Section
339	76-10-1002;
340	(qqq) selling goods under counterfeited trademark, trade name, or trade devices,
341	Section 76-10-1003;
342	(rrr) sales in containers bearing registered trademark of substituted articles, Section
343	76-10-1004;
344	(sss) selling or dealing with article bearing registered trademark or service mark with
345	intent to defraud, Section 76-10-1006;
346	(ttt) gambling, Section 76-10-1102;
347	(uuu) gambling fraud, Section 76-10-1103;
348	(vvv) gambling promotion, Section 76-10-1104;
349	(www) possessing a gambling device or record, Section 76-10-1105;
350	(xxx) confidence game, Section 76-10-1109;
351	(yyy) distributing pornographic material, Section 76-10-1204;
352	(zzz) inducing acceptance of pornographic material, Section 76-10-1205;
353	(aaaa) dealing in harmful material to a minor, Section 76-10-1206;
354	(bbbb) distribution of pornographic films, Section 76-10-1222;
355	(cccc) indecent public displays, Section 76-10-1228;
356	(dddd) prostitution, Section 76-10-1302;
357	(eeee) aiding prostitution, Section 76-10-1304;
358	(ffff) exploiting prostitution, Section 76-10-1305;
359	(gggg) aggravated exploitation of prostitution, Section 76-10-1306;
360	(hhhh) communications fraud, Section 76-10-1801;
361	(iiii) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Part 19, Money Laundering and
362	Currency Transaction Reporting Act;
363	(jjjj) vehicle compartment for contraband, Section 76-10-2801;
364	(kkkk) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of the laws governing taxation in
365	this state; and
366	(IIII) any act illegal under the laws of the United States and enumerated in 18 U.S.C.
367	Sec. 1961(1)(B), (C), and (D).

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel