1	ANTIDISCRIMINATION AND RELIGIOUS FREEDOM
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2015 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsors: Stephen H. Urquhart and J. Stuart Adams
6	House Sponsor: Brad L. Dee
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies the Utah Antidiscrimination Act and the Utah Fair Housing Act to
11	address discrimination and religious freedoms.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	<ul> <li>modifies definition provisions related to employment and housing discrimination,</li> </ul>
15	including defining "employer," "gender identity," and "sexual orientation";
16	<ul> <li>includes sexual orientation and gender identity as prohibited bases for</li> </ul>
17	discrimination in employment;
18	<ul> <li>provides that the remedies in the Utah Antidiscrimination Act and the Utah Fair</li> </ul>
19	Housing Act preempt local government remedies;
20	<ul> <li>provides that protections for employment and housing do not create a special or</li> </ul>
21	protected class for other purposes;
22	<ul> <li>modifies powers of the Division of Antidiscrimination and Labor;</li> </ul>
23	addresses the Utah Antidiscrimination Act's application to:
24	<ul> <li>employee dress and grooming standards;</li> </ul>
25	<ul> <li>sex-specific facilities; and</li> </ul>
26	<ul> <li>freedom of expressive association and the free exercise of religion;</li> </ul>
27	<ul> <li>addresses employee free speech in the workplace;</li> </ul>



28	<ul> <li>prohibits an employer from taking certain actions in response to certain employee</li> </ul>
29	speech outside the workplace;
30	<ul> <li>modifies exemptions to the Utah Fair Housing Act;</li> </ul>
31	<ul> <li>includes sexual orientation and gender identity as prohibited bases for</li> </ul>
32	discrimination in housing;
33	<ul><li>includes nonseverability clauses; and</li></ul>
34	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming amendments.</li> </ul>
35	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
36	None
37	Other Special Clauses:
38	This bill provides revisor instructions.
39	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
40	AMENDS:
41	34A-5-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 413
42	34A-5-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
43	34A-5-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
44	34A-5-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
45	57-21-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 379
46	57-21-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 114
47	57-21-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366
48	57-21-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 114
49	57-21-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 114
50	57-21-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 160
51	ENACTS:
52	<b>34A-5-102.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	<b>34A-5-102.7</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	34A-5-109, Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	34A-5-110, Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	34A-5-111, Utah Code Annotated 1953
57	34A-5-112, Utah Code Annotated 1953
58	<b>57-21-2.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953

	<b>57-21-2.7</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected by Revisor Instructions:</b>
	<b>34A-5-102.7</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
57-21-2.7, Utah Code Annotated 1953	<b>57-21-2.7</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>34A-5-102</b> is amended to read:
	34A-5-102. Definitions Unincorporated entities.
	(1) As used in this chapter:
	(a) "Affiliate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 16-6a-102.
	[(a)] (b) "Apprenticeship" means a program for the training of apprentices including a
	program providing the training of those persons defined as apprentices by Section 35A-6-102.
	[(b)] (c) "Bona fide occupational qualification" means a characteristic applying to an
	employee that:
	(i) is necessary to the operation; or
	(ii) is the essence of the employee's employer's business.
	[ <del>(c)</del> ] (d) "Court" means:
	(i) the district court in the judicial district of the state in which the asserted unfair
	employment practice [occurred] occurs; or
	(ii) if [this] the district court is not in session at that time, a judge of the court described
	in Subsection $(1)[\frac{(c)}{(d)}](d)$ (i).
	[ <del>(d)</del> ] <u>(e)</u> "Director" means the director of the division.
	[(e)] (f) "Disability" means a physical or mental disability as defined and covered by
	the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12102.
	[(f)] (g) "Division" means the Division of Antidiscrimination and Labor.
	$[\frac{g}{g}]$ (h) "Employee" means $[\frac{g}{g}]$ a person applying with or employed by an employer.
	[(h)] (i) "Employer" means:
	(A) the state;
	(B) [any] <u>a</u> political subdivision;
	(C) a board, commission, department, institution, school district, trust, or agent of the
	state or [its] a political [subdivisions] subdivision of the state; or

90	(D) a person employing 15 or more employees within the state for each working day in
91	each of 20 calendar weeks or more in the current or preceding calendar year.
92	(ii) "Employer" does not include:
93	(A) a religious organization [or association], a religious corporation sole, a religious
94	association, a religious society, a religious educational institution, or a religious leader, when
95	that individual is acting in the capacity of a religious leader;
96	[(B) a religious corporation sole; or]
97	[(C)] (B) any corporation or association constituting an affiliate, a wholly owned
98	subsidiary, or an agency of any religious organization [or association or religious corporation
99	sole.], religious corporation sole, religious association, or religious society; or
100	(C) the Boy Scouts of America or its councils, chapters, or subsidiaries.
101	[(i)] (j) "Employment agency" means [any] a person:
102	(i) undertaking to procure employees or opportunities to work for any other person; or
103	(ii) holding the person out to be equipped to take an action described in Subsection
104	(1)[(i)](j)(i).
105	(k) "Gender identity" has the meaning provided in the Diagnostic and Statistical
106	Manual (DSM-5). A person's gender identity can be shown by providing evidence, including,
107	but not limited to, medical history, care or treatment of the gender identity, consistent and
108	uniform assertion of the gender identity, or other evidence that the gender identity is sincerely
109	held, part of a person's core identity, and not being asserted for an improper purpose.
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	[ <del>(j)</del> ] <u>(l)</u> "Joint apprenticeship committee" means [any] an association of representatives
111	[ <del>(j)</del> ] <u>(l)</u> "Joint apprenticeship committee" means [any] <u>an</u> association of representatives of a labor organization and an employer providing, coordinating, or controlling an apprentice
111 112	1 1 1
	of a labor organization and an employer providing, coordinating, or controlling an apprentice
112	of a labor organization and an employer providing, coordinating, or controlling an apprentice training program.
<ul><li>112</li><li>113</li></ul>	of a labor organization and an employer providing, coordinating, or controlling an apprentice training program.  [(k)] (m) "Labor organization" means [any] an organization that exists for the purpose
<ul><li>112</li><li>113</li><li>114</li></ul>	of a labor organization and an employer providing, coordinating, or controlling an apprentice training program.  [(k)] (m) "Labor organization" means [any] an organization that exists for the purpose in whole or in part of:
112 113 114 115	of a labor organization and an employer providing, coordinating, or controlling an apprentice training program.  [(k)] (m) "Labor organization" means [any] an organization that exists for the purpose in whole or in part of:  (i) collective bargaining;
112 113 114 115 116	of a labor organization and an employer providing, coordinating, or controlling an apprentice training program.  [(k)] (m) "Labor organization" means [any] an organization that exists for the purpose in whole or in part of:  (i) collective bargaining;  (ii) dealing with employers concerning grievances, terms or conditions of employment;

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individual or of an individual's ancestors.

121	[ <del>(m)</del> ] <u>(o)</u> "On-the-job-training" means [ <del>any</del> ] <u>a</u> program designed to instruct a person
122	who, while learning the particular job for which the person is receiving instruction:
123	(i) is also employed at that job; or
124	(ii) may be employed by the employer conducting the program during the course of the
125	program, or when the program is completed.
126	[ <del>(n)</del> ] <u>(p)</u> "Person" means:
127	(i) one or more individuals, partnerships, associations, corporations, legal
128	representatives, trusts or trustees, <u>or</u> receivers[;];
129	(ii) the state; and [all political subdivisions and agencies of the state.]
130	(iii) a political subdivision of the state.
131	[(o)] (q) "Presiding officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
132	63G-4-103.
133	[ <del>(p)</del> ] <u>(r)</u> "Prohibited employment practice" means a practice specified as
134	discriminatory, and therefore unlawful, in Section 34A-5-106.
135	(s) "Religious leader" means an individual who is associated with, and is an authorized
136	representative of, a religious organization or association or a religious corporation sole,
137	including a member of clergy, a minister, a pastor, a priest, a rabbi, an imam, or a spiritual
138	advisor.
139	[ <del>(q)</del> ] <u>(t)</u> "Retaliate" means the taking of adverse action by an employer, employment
140	agency, labor organization, apprenticeship program, on-the-job training program, or vocational
141	school against one of its employees, applicants, or members because the employee, applicant,
142	or member [ <del>has</del> ]:
143	(i) [opposed any] opposes an employment practice prohibited under this chapter; or
144	(ii) [filed charges, testified, assisted, or participated] files charges, testifies, assists, or
145	participates in any way in [any] a proceeding, investigation, or hearing under this chapter.
146	(u) "Sexual orientation" means an individual's actual or perceived orientation as
147	heterosexual, homosexual, or bisexual.
148	[(r)] (v) "Unincorporated entity" means an entity organized or doing business in the
149	state that is not:
150	(i) an individual;
151	(ii) a corporation; or

152	(iii) publicly traded.
153	$[\underline{(s)}]$ (w) "Vocational school" means $[\underline{any}]$ $\underline{a}$ school or institution conducting a course
154	of instruction, training, or retraining to prepare individuals to follow an occupation or trade, or
155	to pursue a manual, technical, industrial, business, commercial, office, personal services, or
156	other nonprofessional occupations.
157	(2) (a) For purposes of this chapter, an unincorporated entity that is required to be
158	licensed under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, is presumed to
159	be the employer of each individual who, directly or indirectly, holds an ownership interest in
160	the unincorporated entity.
161	(b) Pursuant to rules made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3
162	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, an unincorporated entity may rebut the presumption
163	under Subsection (2)(a) for an individual by establishing by clear and convincing evidence tha
164	the individual:
165	(i) is an active manager of the unincorporated entity;
166	(ii) directly or indirectly holds at least an 8% ownership interest in the unincorporated
167	entity; or
168	(iii) is not subject to supervision or control in the performance of work by:
169	(A) the unincorporated entity; or
170	(B) a person with whom the unincorporated entity contracts.
171	(c) As part of the rules made under Subsection (2)(b), the commission may define:
172	(i) "active manager";
173	(ii) "directly or indirectly holds at least an 8% ownership interest"; and
174	(iii) "subject to supervision or control in the performance of work."
175	Section 2. Section <b>34A-5-102.5</b> is enacted to read:
176	34A-5-102.5. Supremacy over local regulations No special class created for
177	other purposes.
178	(1) Consistent with the requirements of Subsection 34A-5-107(15), this chapter
179	supersedes and preempts any ordinance, regulation, standard, or other legal action by a local
180	government entity, a state entity, or the governing body of a political subdivision that relates to
181	the prohibition of discrimination in employment.
182	(2) This chapter shall not be construed to create a special or protected class for any

183	purpose other than employment.
184	Section 3. Section 34A-5-102.7 is enacted to read:
185	34A-5-102.7. Nonseverability.
186	This bill is the result of the Legislature's balancing of competing interests.
187	Accordingly, if any phrase, clause, sentence, provision, or subsection enacted or amended in
188	this chapter by this bill is held invalid in a final judgment by a court of last resort, the
189	remainder of the enactments and amendments of this bill affecting this chapter shall be thereby
190	rendered without effect and void.
191	Section 4. Section <b>34A-5-104</b> is amended to read:
192	34A-5-104. Powers.
193	(1) (a) The commission has jurisdiction over the subject of employment practices and
194	discrimination made unlawful by this chapter.
195	(b) The commission may adopt, publish, amend, and rescind rules, consistent with, and
196	for the enforcement of this chapter.
197	(2) The division may:
198	(a) appoint and prescribe the duties of [investigators and other employees and agents
199	that it] an investigator, other employee, or agent of the commission that the commission
200	considers necessary for the enforcement of this chapter;
201	(b) receive, reject, investigate, and pass upon complaints alleging:
202	(i) discrimination in:
203	(A) employment;
204	(B) <u>an</u> apprenticeship [programs] program;
205	(C) <u>an</u> on-the-job training [programs] program; [and] or
206	(D) <u>a</u> vocational [schools] <u>school</u> ; or
207	(ii) the existence of a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice by:
208	(A) a person;
209	(B) an employer;
210	(C) an employment agency;
211	(D) a labor organization;
212	(E) [the employees or members] an employee or member of an employment agency or
213	labor organization;

214	(F) a joint apprenticeship committee; and
215	(G) <u>a</u> vocational school;
216	(c) investigate and study the existence, character, causes, and extent of discrimination
217	in employment, apprenticeship programs, on-the-job training programs, and vocational schools
218	in this state by:
219	(i) employers;
220	(ii) employment agencies;
221	(iii) labor organizations;
222	(iv) joint apprenticeship committees; and
223	(v) vocational schools;
224	(d) formulate plans for the elimination of discrimination by educational or other
225	means;
226	(e) hold hearings upon complaint made against:
227	(i) a person;
228	(ii) an employer;
229	(iii) an employment agency;
230	(iv) a labor organization;
231	(v) [the employees or members] an employee or member of an employment agency or
232	labor organization;
233	(vi) a joint apprenticeship committee; or
234	(vii) a vocational school;
235	(f) issue publications and reports of investigations and research that:
236	(i) promote good will among the various racial, religious, and ethnic groups of the
237	state; and
238	(ii) minimize or eliminate discrimination in employment because of race, color, sex,
239	religion, national origin, age, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity;
240	(g) prepare and transmit to the governor, at least once each year, reports describing:
241	(i) [its] the division's proceedings, investigations, and hearings;
242	(ii) the outcome of those hearings;
243	(iii) decisions the division [has rendered] renders; and
244	(iv) the other work performed by the division;

245	(h) recommend policies to the governor, and submit recommendation to employers,
246	employment agencies, and labor organizations to implement those policies;
247	(i) recommend [any] legislation to the governor that the division considers necessary
248	concerning discrimination because of:
249	<u>(i)</u> race[ <del>,</del> ];
250	(ii) sex[-];
251	(iii) color[ <del>,</del> ];
252	(iv) national origin[-];
253	(v) religion[-];
254	$\underline{\text{(vi)}} \text{ age}[, \underline{\text{or}}];$
255	(vii) disability [to the governor that it considers necessary; and];
256	(viii) sexual orientation; or
257	(ix) gender identity; and
258	(j) within the limits of [any] appropriations made for its operation, cooperate with other
259	agencies or organizations, both public and private, in the planning and conducting of
260	educational programs designed to eliminate discriminatory practices prohibited under this
261	chapter.
262	(3) The division shall investigate <u>an</u> alleged discriminatory [practices] practice
263	involving [officers or employees] an officer or employee of state government if requested to do
264	so by the Career Service Review Office.
265	(4) (a) In [any] a hearing held under this chapter, the division may:
266	(i) subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance at the hearing;
267	(ii) administer oaths and take the testimony of [any] a person under oath; and
268	(iii) compel [any] a person to produce for examination [any books, papers] a book,
269	paper, or other information relating to the matters raised by the complaint.
270	(b) The division director or a hearing examiner appointed by the division director may
271	conduct [hearings] a hearing.
272	(c) If a witness fails or refuses to obey a subpoena issued by the division, the division
273	may petition the district court to enforce the subpoena.
274	(d) [ $\underline{\text{In the event}}$ ] $\underline{\text{If}}$ a witness asserts a privilege against self-incrimination, testimony
275	and evidence from the witness may be compelled pursuant to Title 77, Chapter 22b, Grants of

276	Immunity.
277	Section 5. Section <b>34A-5-106</b> is amended to read:
278	34A-5-106. Discriminatory or prohibited employment practices Permitted
279	practices.
280	(1) It is a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice to take [any] an action
281	described in Subsections (1)(a) through (f).
282	(a) (i) An employer may not refuse to hire, promote, discharge, demote, or terminate
283	[any] a person, or to retaliate against, harass, or discriminate in matters of compensation or in
284	terms, privileges, and conditions of employment against [any] a person otherwise qualified,
285	because of:
286	(A) race;
287	(B) color;
288	(C) sex;
289	(D) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
290	(E) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older;
291	(F) religion;
292	(G) national origin; [or]
293	(H) disability[ <del>.</del> ];
294	(I) sexual orientation; or
295	(J) gender identity.
296	(ii) A person may not be considered "otherwise qualified," unless that person possesses
297	the following required by an employer for any particular job, job classification, or position:
298	(A) education;
299	(B) training;
300	(C) ability, with or without reasonable accommodation;
301	(D) moral character;
302	(E) integrity;
303	(F) disposition to work;
304	(G) adherence to reasonable rules and regulations; and
305	(H) other job related qualifications required by an employer.
306	(iii) (A) As used in this chapter, "to discriminate in matters of compensation" means

307	the payment of differing wages or salaries to employees having substantially equal experience,
308	responsibilities, and skill for the particular job.
309	(B) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A):
310	(I) nothing in this chapter prevents [increases] an increase in pay as a result of
311	longevity with the employer, if the salary [increases are] increase is uniformly applied and
312	available to all employees on a substantially proportional basis; and
313	(II) nothing in this section prohibits an employer and employee from agreeing to a rate
314	of pay or work schedule designed to protect the employee from loss of Social Security payment
315	or benefits if the employee is eligible for those payments.
316	(b) An employment agency may not:
317	(i) refuse to list and properly classify for employment, or refuse to refer an individual
318	for employment, in a known available job for which the individual is otherwise qualified,
319	because of:
320	(A) race;
321	(B) color;
322	(C) sex;
323	(D) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
324	(E) religion;
325	(F) national origin;
326	(G) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]
327	(H) disability; [or]
328	(I) sexual orientation; or
329	(J) gender identity; or
330	(ii) comply with a request from an employer for referral of [applicants] an applicant for
331	employment if the request indicates either directly or indirectly that the employer discriminates
332	in employment on account of:
333	(A) race;
334	(B) color;
335	(C) sex;
336	(D) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
337	(E) religion;

338	(F) national origin;
339	(G) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]
340	(H) disability[-];
341	(I) sexual orientation; or
342	(J) gender identity.
343	(c) (i) A labor organization may not for a reason listed in Subsection (1)(c)(ii):
344	(A) exclude [any] an individual otherwise qualified from full membership rights in the
345	labor organization[];
346	(B) expel the individual from membership in the labor organization[7]; or
347	(C) otherwise discriminate against or harass [any of the labor organization's members]
348	a member of the labor organization in full employment of work opportunity, or representation[5,
349	because of:].
350	(ii) A labor organization may not take an action listed in this Subsection (1)(c) because
351	<u>of:</u>
352	$[\frac{(i)}{A}]$ race;
353	[(ii)] (B) sex;
354	[(iii)] (C) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
355	[ <del>(iv)</del> ] <u>(D)</u> religion;
356	[v] (E) national origin;
357	[(vi)] (F) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]
358	[ <del>(vii)</del> ] (G) disability[-];
359	(H) sexual orientation; or
360	(I) gender identity.
361	(d) (i) Unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification, or required by and
362	given to an agency of government for $\underline{a}$ security [reasons] reason, an employer, employment
363	agency, or labor organization may not do the following if the statement, advertisement,
364	publication, form, or inquiry violates Subsection (1)(d)(ii):
365	$(\underline{A})$ print, $[\underline{or}]$ circulate, or cause to be printed or circulated $[\underline{, any}]$ $\underline{a}$ statement,
366	advertisement, or publication[ <del>-</del> <del>-</del> <del>-</del> <del>-</del> <del>-</del> <del>-</del> <u>-</u> - <u>-</u> <u>-</u>
367	(B) use $[any]$ $\underline{a}$ form of application for employment or membership $[\overline{z}]$ ; or
368	(C) make any inquiry in connection with prospective employment or membership [that

309	expresses, entire unectry or munectry. (1) any j.
370	(ii) This Subsection (1)(d) applies to a statement, advertisement, publication, form, or
371	inquiry that directly expresses a limitation, specification, or discrimination as to:
372	(A) race;
373	(B) color;
374	(C) religion;
375	(D) sex;
376	(E) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
377	(F) national origin;
378	(G) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]
379	(H) disability; [or]
380	[(ii) the intent to make any limitation, specification, or discrimination described in
381	Subsection (1)(d)(i).]
382	(I) sexual orientation; or
383	(J) gender identity.
384	(e) A person, whether or not an employer, an employment agency, a labor organization,
385	or [the employees or members] an employee or member of an employer, employment agency,
386	or labor organization, may not:
387	(i) aid, incite, compel, or coerce the doing of an act defined in this section to be a
388	discriminatory or prohibited employment practice;
389	(ii) obstruct or prevent $[any]$ $\underline{a}$ person from complying with this chapter, or any order
390	issued under this chapter; or
391	(iii) attempt, either directly or indirectly, to commit [any] an act prohibited in this
392	section.
393	(f) (i) An employer, labor organization, joint apprenticeship committee, or vocational
394	school[7] providing, coordinating, or controlling an apprenticeship [programs,] program or
395	providing, coordinating, or controlling an on-the-job-training [programs] program, instruction,
396	training, or retraining [programs] program may not:
397	(A) deny to, or withhold from, any qualified person[5] the right to be admitted to [5] or
398	participate in [any] an apprenticeship training program, on-the-job-training program, or other
399	occupational instruction, training, or retraining program because of:

400	(I) race;
401	(II) color;
402	(III) sex;
403	(IV) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
404	(V) religion;
405	(VI) national origin;
406	(VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]
407	(VIII) disability;
408	(IX) sexual orientation; or
409	(X) gender identity;
410	(B) discriminate against or harass [any] a qualified person in that person's pursuit of
411	[programs] a program described in Subsection (1)(f)(i)(A)[, or to] because of:
412	(I) race;
413	(II) color;
414	(III) sex;
415	(IV) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
416	(V) religion;
417	(VI) national origin;
418	(VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older;
419	(VIII) disability;
420	(IX) sexual orientation; or
421	(X) gender identity;
422	(C) discriminate against [such] a qualified person in the terms, conditions, or privileges
423	of [programs] a program described in Subsection (1)(f)(i)(A), because of:
424	(I) race;
425	(II) color;
426	(III) sex;
427	(IV) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
428	(V) religion;
429	(VI) national origin;
430	(VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]

431	(VIII) disability; [or]
432	(IX) sexual orientation; or
433	(X) gender identity; or
434	[(C)] (D) except as provided in Subsection (1)(f)(ii), print, publish, or cause to be
435	printed or published, [any] a notice or advertisement relating to employment by the employer,
436	or membership in or [any] a classification or referral for employment by a labor organization,
437	or relating to $[any]$ $\underline{a}$ classification or referral for employment by an employment agency,
438	indicating [any] a preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based on:
439	(I) race;
440	(II) color;
441	(III) sex;
442	(IV) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
443	(V) religion;
444	(VI) national origin;
445	(VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]
446	(VIII) disability[-];
447	(IX) sexual orientation; or
448	(X) gender identity.
449	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection $(1)(f)(i)[(C)](D)$ , if the following is a bona fide
450	occupational qualification for employment, a notice or advertisement described in Subsection
451	(1)(f)(i)[(C)](D) may indicate a preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based
452	on:
453	(A) race;
454	(B) color;
455	(C) religion;
456	(D) sex;
457	(E) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
458	(F) age;
459	(G) national origin; [or]
460	(H) disability[-];
461	(I) sexual orientation; or

462 (J) gender identity.

- (2) [Nothing contained in] Subsections (1)(a) through (1)(f) [shall] may not be construed to prevent:
- (a) the termination of employment of an individual who, with or without reasonable accommodation, is physically, mentally, or emotionally unable to perform the duties required by that individual's employment;
  - (b) the variance of insurance premiums or coverage on account of age; or
- (c) a restriction on the activities of [individuals licensed by the liquor authority with respect to persons] a person licensed in accordance with Title 32B, Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, with respect to an individual who is under 21 years of age.
  - (3) (a) It is not a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice:
- (i) for an employer to hire and employ [employees] an employee, for an employment agency to classify or refer for employment [any] an individual, for a labor organization to classify its membership or to classify or refer for employment [any] an individual, or for an employer, labor organization, or joint labor-management committee controlling an apprenticeship or other training or retraining [programs] program to admit or employ [any] an individual in [any such] the program[;] on the basis of religion, sex, pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions, age, national origin, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity in those certain instances [where] when religion, sex, pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions, age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older, national origin, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation of that particular business or enterprise;
- (ii) for a school, college, university, or other educational institution to hire and employ [employees] an employee of a particular religion if:
- (A) the school, college, university, or other educational institution is, in whole or in substantial part, owned, supported, controlled, or managed by a particular religious corporation, association, or society; or
- (B) the curriculum of the school, college, university, or other educational institution is directed toward the propagation of a particular religion;
  - (iii) for an employer to give preference in employment to:
- 492 (A) the employer's:

- 493 (I) spouse;
- 494 (II) child; or

- 495 (III) son-in-law or daughter-in-law;
  - (B) [any] <u>a</u> person for whom the employer is or would be liable to furnish financial support if [those persons] the person were unemployed;
  - (C) [any] <u>a</u> person to whom the employer during the preceding six months [has furnished] <u>furnishes</u> more than one-half of total financial support regardless of whether or not the employer was or is legally obligated to furnish support; or
  - (D) [any] a person whose education or training [was] is substantially financed by the employer for a period of two years or more.
  - (b) Nothing in this chapter applies to [any] <u>a</u> business or enterprise on or near an Indian reservation with respect to [any] <u>a</u> publicly announced employment practice of the business or enterprise under which preferential treatment is given to [any] <u>an</u> individual because that individual is a native American Indian living on or near an Indian reservation.
  - (c) Nothing in this chapter [shall] may be interpreted to require [any] an employer, employment agency, labor organization, vocational school, joint labor-management committee, or apprenticeship program subject to this chapter to grant preferential treatment to [any] an individual or to [any] a group because of the race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity of the individual or group on account of an imbalance [which] that may exist with respect to the total number or percentage of persons of [any] a race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity employed by [any] an employer, referred or classified for employment by an employment agency or labor organization, admitted to membership or classified by [any] a labor organization, or admitted to or employed in, any apprenticeship or other training program, in comparison with the total number or percentage of persons of that race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity in any community or county or in the available work force in any community or county.
  - (4) It is not a discriminatory or prohibited practice with respect to age to observe the terms of a bona fide seniority system or any bona fide employment benefit plan such as a retirement, pension, or insurance plan that is not a subterfuge to evade the purposes of this chapter, except that [no such] an employee benefit plan [shall] may not excuse the failure to

524 hire an individual. 525 (5) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), or [any other statutory provision] another statute to 526 the contrary, a person may not be subject to involuntary termination or retirement from 527 employment on the basis of age alone, if the individual is 40 years of age or older, except: 528 (a) under Subsection (6); and 529 (b) when age is a bona fide occupational qualification. 530 (6) Nothing in this section prohibits compulsory retirement of an employee who has 531 attained at least 65 years of age, and who, for the two-year period immediately before 532 retirement, is employed in a bona fide executive or a high policymaking position, if: 533 (a) that employee is entitled to an immediate nonforfeitable annual retirement benefit 534 from the employee's employer's pension, profit-sharing, savings, or deferred compensation 535 plan, or any combination of those plans; and 536 (b) the benefit described in Subsection (6)(a) equals, in the aggregate, at least \$44,000. 537 Section 6. Section **34A-5-107** is amended to read: 34A-5-107. Procedure for aggrieved person to file claim -- Investigations --538 539 Adjudicative proceedings -- Settlement -- Reconsideration -- Determination. 540 (1) (a) [Any] A person claiming to be aggrieved by a discriminatory or prohibited 541 employment practice may, or that person's attorney or agent may, make, sign, and file with the 542 division a request for agency action. 543 (b) [Every] A request for agency action shall be verified under oath or affirmation. 544 (c) A request for agency action made under this section shall be filed within 180 days 545 after the alleged discriminatory or prohibited employment practice [occurred] occurs. 546 (d) The division may transfer a request for agency action filed with the division pursuant to this section to the federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission in 547 548 accordance with [the provisions of any] a work-share agreement that is:

- (i) between the division and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission; and
- (ii) in effect on the day on which the request for agency action is transferred.

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(2) [Any] An employer, labor organization, joint apprenticeship committee, or vocational school who has an employee or member who refuses or threatens to refuse to comply with this chapter may file with the division a request for agency action asking the division for assistance to obtain the employee's or member's compliance by conciliation or other remedial action.

- (3) (a) Before a hearing is set or held as part of any adjudicative proceeding, the division shall promptly assign an investigator to attempt a settlement between the parties by conference, conciliation, or persuasion.
- (b) If no settlement is reached, the investigator shall make a prompt impartial investigation of all allegations made in the request for agency action.
  - (c) The division and its staff, agents, and employees:
- 562 (i) shall conduct every investigation in fairness to all parties and agencies involved; 563 and
  - (ii) may not attempt a settlement between the parties if it is clear that no discriminatory or prohibited employment practice has occurred.
  - (d) An aggrieved party may withdraw the request for agency action prior to the issuance of a final order.
  - (4) (a) If the initial attempts at settlement are unsuccessful, and the investigator uncovers insufficient evidence during the investigation to support the allegations of a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice set out in the request for agency action, the investigator shall formally report these findings to the director or the director's designee.
  - (b) Upon receipt of the investigator's report described in Subsection (4)(a), the director or the director's designee may issue a determination and order for dismissal of the adjudicative proceeding.
  - (c) A party may make a written request to the Division of Adjudication for an evidentiary hearing to review de novo the director's or the director's designee's determination and order within 30 days of the date the determination and order for dismissal is issued.
  - (d) If the director or the director's designee receives no timely request for a hearing, the determination and order issued by the director or the director's designee becomes the final order of the commission.
  - (5) (a) If the initial attempts at settlement are unsuccessful and the investigator uncovers sufficient evidence during the investigation to support the allegations of a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice set out in the request for agency action, the investigator shall formally report these findings to the director or the director's designee.
    - (b) (i) Upon receipt of the investigator's report described in Subsection (5)(a), the

director or the director's designee may issue a determination and order based on the investigator's report.

- (ii) A determination and order issued under this Subsection (5)(b) shall:
- (A) direct the respondent to cease any discriminatory or prohibited employment practice; and
  - (B) provide relief to the aggrieved party as the director or the director's designee determines is appropriate.
  - (c) A party may file a written request to the Division of Adjudication for an evidentiary hearing to review de novo the director's or the director's designee's determination and order within 30 days of the date the determination and order is issued.
  - (d) If the director or the director's designee receives no timely request for a hearing, the determination and order issued by the director or the director's designee in accordance with Subsection (5)(b) becomes the final order of the commission.
  - (6) In [any] an adjudicative proceeding to review the director's or the director's designee's determination that a prohibited employment practice has occurred, the division shall present the factual and legal basis of the determination or order issued under Subsection (5).
    - (7) (a) [Prior to] Before the commencement of an evidentiary hearing:
  - (i) the party filing the request for agency action may reasonably and fairly amend any allegation; and
    - (ii) the respondent may amend its answer.
    - (b) An amendment permitted under this Subsection (7) may be made:
    - (i) during or after a hearing; and
    - (ii) only with permission of the presiding officer.
  - (8) (a) If, upon <u>reviewing</u> all the evidence at a hearing, the presiding officer finds that a respondent has not engaged in a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice, the presiding officer shall issue an order dismissing the request for agency action containing the allegation of a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice.
  - (b) The presiding officer may order that the respondent be reimbursed by the complaining party for the respondent's attorneys' fees and costs.
- (9) If, upon <u>reviewing</u> all the evidence at the hearing, the presiding officer finds that a respondent has engaged in a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice, the presiding

617 officer shall issue an order requiring the respondent to: 618 (a) cease any discriminatory or prohibited employment practice; and 619 (b) provide relief to the complaining party, including: 620 (i) reinstatement; 621 (ii) back pay and benefits; 622 (iii) [attorneys'] attorney fees; and 623 (iv) costs. 624 (10) Conciliation between the parties is to be urged and facilitated at all stages of the 625 adjudicative process. 626 (11) (a) Either party may file with the Division of Adjudication a written request for 627 review before the commissioner or Appeals Board of the order issued by the presiding officer 628 in accordance with: 629 (i) Section 63G-4-301; and 630 (ii) Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings. 631 (b) If there is no timely request for review, the order issued by the presiding officer 632 becomes the final order of the commission. 633 (12) An order of the commission under Subsection (11)(a) is subject to judicial review 634 as provided in: 635 (a) Section 63G-4-403; and 636 (b) Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings. 637 (13) The commission [shall have authority to] may make rules concerning procedures 638 under this chapter in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking 639 Act. 640 (14) The commission and its staff may not divulge or make public [any] information 641 gained from [any] an investigation, settlement negotiation, or proceeding before the 642 commission except as provided in Subsections (14)(a) through (d). 643 (a) Information used by the director or the director's designee in making [any] a 644 determination may be provided to all interested parties for the purpose of preparation for and

(b) General statistical information may be disclosed provided the identities of the individuals or parties are not disclosed.

participation in proceedings before the commission.

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648	(c) Information may be disclosed for inspection by the attorney general or other legal
649	representatives of the state or the commission.
650	(d) Information may be disclosed for information and reporting requirements of the
651	federal government.
652	(15) The procedures contained in this section are the exclusive remedy under state law
653	for employment discrimination based upon:
654	(a) race;
655	(b) color;
656	(c) sex;
657	(d) retaliation;
658	(e) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
659	(f) age;
660	(g) religion;
661	(h) national origin; [or]
662	(i) disability[ <del>.</del> ];
663	(j) sexual orientation; or
664	(k) gender identity.
665	(16) (a) The commencement of an action under federal law for relief based upon [any]
666	an act prohibited by this chapter bars the commencement or continuation of [any] an
667	adjudicative proceeding before the commission in connection with the same [claims] claim
668	under this chapter.
669	(b) The transfer of a request for agency action to the Equal Employment Opportunity
670	Commission in accordance with Subsection (1)(d) is considered the commencement of an
671	action under federal law for purposes of Subsection (16)(a).
672	(c) Nothing in this Subsection (16) is intended to alter, amend, modify, or impair the
673	exclusive remedy provision set forth in Subsection (15).
674	Section 7. Section <b>34A-5-109</b> is enacted to read:
675	34A-5-109. Application to employee dress and grooming standards.
676	This chapter may not be interpreted to prohibit an employer from adopting reasonable
677	dress and grooming standards not prohibited by other provisions of federal or state law,
678	provided that the employer's dress and grooming standards afford reasonable accommodations

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679	based on gender identity to all employees.
680	Section 8. Section <b>34A-5-110</b> is enacted to read:
681	34A-5-110. Application to sex-specific facilities.
682	This chapter may not be interpreted to prohibit an employer from adopting reasonable
683	rules and policies that designate sex-specific facilities, including restrooms, shower facilities,
684	and dressing facilities, provided that the employer's rules and policies adopted under this
685	section afford reasonable accommodations based on gender identity to all employees.
686	Section 9. Section <b>34A-5-111</b> is enacted to read:
687	34A-5-111. Application to the freedom of expressive association and the free
688	exercise of religion.
689	This chapter may not be interpreted to infringe upon the freedom of expressive
690	association or the free exercise of religion protected by the First Amendment of the United
691	States Constitution and Article I, Sections 1, 4, and 15 of the Utah Constitution.
692	Section 10. Section 34A-5-112 is enacted to read:
693	34A-5-112. Religious liberty protections Expressing beliefs and commitments in
694	workplace Prohibition on employment actions against certain employee speech.
695	(1) An employee may express the employee's religious or moral beliefs and
696	commitments in the workplace in a reasonable, non-disruptive, and non-harassing way on
697	equal terms with similar types of expression of beliefs or commitments allowed by the
698	employer in the workplace, unless the expression is in direct conflict with the essential
699	business-related interests of the employer.
700	(2) An employer may not discharge, demote, terminate, or refuse to hire any person, or
701	retaliate against, harass, or discriminate in matters of compensation or in terms, privileges, and
702	conditions of employment against any person otherwise qualified, for lawful expression or
703	expressive activity outside of the workplace regarding the person's religious, political, or
704	personal convictions, including convictions about marriage, family, or sexuality, unless the
705	expression or expressive activity is in direct conflict with the essential business-related
706	interests of the employer.
707	Section 11. Section <b>57-21-2</b> is amended to read:
708	57-21-2. Definitions.
709	As used in this chapter:

710	(1) "Affiliate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 16-6a-102.
711	[(1)] (2) "Aggrieved person" includes [any] a person who:
712	(a) claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing practice; or
713	(b) believes that the person will be injured by a discriminatory housing practice that is
714	about to occur.
715	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ "Commission" means the Labor Commission.
716	[(3)] (4) "Complainant" means an aggrieved person, including the director, who has
717	commenced a complaint with the division.
718	[(4)] (5) "Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of [issues] an issue raised [by]
719	in a complaint of discriminatory housing practices by the investigation of the complaint
720	through informal negotiations involving the complainant, the respondent, and the division.
721	[(5)] (6) "Conciliation agreement" means a written agreement setting forth the
722	resolution of the issues in conciliation.
723	[(6)] (7) "Conciliation conference" means the attempted resolution of [issues] an issue
724	raised $[by]$ in a complaint or by the investigation of a complaint through informal negotiations
725	involving the complainant, the respondent, and the division. The conciliation conference is not
726	subject to Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
727	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) "Covered multifamily [dwellings"] dwelling" means:
728	(a) [buildings] a building consisting of four or more dwelling units if the [buildings
729	have] building has one or more elevators; and
730	(b) the ground floor units in other buildings consisting of four or more dwelling units.
731	[(8)] (9) "Director" means the director of the division or a designee.
732	[(9)] (10) (a) "Disability" means a physical or mental impairment that substantially
733	limits one or more of a person's major life activities, including a person having a record of such
734	an impairment or being regarded as having such an impairment.
735	(b) "Disability" does not include current illegal use of, or addiction to, any federally
736	controlled substance, as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C.
737	Sec. 802.
738	[(10)] (11) "Discriminate" includes segregate or separate.
739	$[\frac{(11)}{(12)}]$ "Discriminatory housing practice" means an act that is unlawful under this
740	chapter.

741	[(12)] (13) "Division" means the Division of Antidiscrimination and Labor established
742	under the commission.
743	[ <del>(13) (a)</del> ] <u>(14)</u> "Dwelling" means [ <del>any</del> ]:
744	(a) a building or structure, or a portion of a building or structure, occupied as, [or]
745	designed as, or intended for occupancy as[5] a residence of one or more families[5]; or
746	(b) ["Dwelling" also includes] vacant land that is offered for sale or lease for the
747	construction or location of a dwelling as described in Subsection [ $\frac{(13)}{(14)}$ (a).
748	[(14)] (15) (a) "Familial status" means one or more individuals who have not attained
749	the age of 18 years being domiciled with:
750	(i) a parent or another person having legal custody of the [individual] one or more
751	individuals; or
752	(ii) the designee of the parent or other person having custody, with the written
753	permission of the parent or other person.
754	(b) The protections afforded against discrimination on the basis of familial status
755	[shall] apply to [any] a person who:
756	(i) is pregnant;
757	(ii) is in the process of securing legal custody of any individual who has not attained
758	the age of 18 years; or
759	(iii) is a single individual.
760	(16) "Gender identity" has the meaning provided in the Diagnostic and Statistical
761	Manual (DSM-5). A person's gender identity can be shown by providing evidence, including,
762	but not limited to, medical history, care or treatment of the gender identity, consistent and
763	uniform assertion of the gender identity, or other evidence that the gender identity is sincerely
764	held, part of a person's core identity, and not being asserted for an improper purpose.
765	[(15)] (17) "National origin" means the place of birth of an individual or of any lineal
766	ancestors.
767	[(16)] (18) "Person" includes one or more individuals, corporations, limited liability
768	companies, partnerships, associations, labor organizations, legal representatives, mutual
769	companies, joint-stock companies, trusts, unincorporated organizations, trustees, trustees in
770	cases under the United States Bankruptcy Code, receivers, and fiduciaries.
771	[(17)] (19) "Presiding officer" has the same meaning as provided in Section

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772	63G-4-103.
773	[(18)] (20) "Real estate broker" or "salesperson" means a principal broker, an associate
774	broker, or a sales agent as those terms are defined in Section 61-2f-102.
775	[(19)] (21) "Respondent" means a person against whom a complaint of housing
776	discrimination has been initiated.
777	[(20)] (22) "Sex" means gender and includes pregnancy, childbirth, and disabilities
778	related to pregnancy or childbirth.
779	(23) "Sexual orientation" means an individual's actual or perceived orientation as
780	heterosexual, homosexual, or bisexual.
781	[(21)] (24) "Source of income" means the verifiable condition of being a recipient of
782	federal, state, or local assistance, including medical assistance, or of being a tenant receiving
783	federal, state, or local subsidies, including rental assistance or rent supplements.
784	Section 12. Section <b>57-21-2.5</b> is enacted to read:
785	57-21-2.5. Supremacy over local regulations No special class created for other
786	purposes.
787	(1) This chapter supersedes and preempts any ordinance, regulation, standard, or other
788	legal action by a local government entity, a state entity, or the governing body of a political
789	subdivision that relates to the prohibition of discrimination in housing.
790	(2) This chapter shall not be construed to create a special or protected class for any
791	purpose other than housing.
792	Section 13. Section 57-21-2.7 is enacted to read:
793	57-21-2.7. Nonseverability.
794	This bill is the result of the Legislature's balancing of competing interests.
795	Accordingly, if any phrase, clause, sentence, provision, or subsection enacted or amended in
796	this chapter by this bill is held invalid in a final judgment by a court of last resort, the
797	remainder of the enactments and amendments of this bill affecting this chapter shall be thereby
798	rendered without effect and void.
799	Section 14. Section 57-21-3 is amended to read:
800	57-21-3. Exemptions Sale by private individuals Nonprofit organizations
801	Noncommercial transactions.

(1) This chapter does not apply to [any] a single-family dwelling unit sold or rented by

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803	its owner if:
804	(a) the owner is not a partnership, association, corporation, or other business entity;
805	(b) the owner does not own [any] an interest in four or more single-family dwelling
806	units held for sale or lease at the same time;
807	(c) during a 24-month period, the owner does not sell two or more single-family
808	dwelling units in which the owner was not residing or was not the most recent resident at the
809	time of sale;
810	(d) the owner does not retain or use the facilities or services of [any] a real estate
811	broker or salesperson; and
812	(e) the owner does not use [any] a discriminatory housing practice under Subsection
813	57-21-5(2) in the sale or rental of the dwelling.
814	(2) This chapter does not apply to a dwelling or a temporary or permanent residence
815	facility [operated by a nonprofit or charitable organization, including any dormitory operated
816	by a public or private educational institution,] if:
817	(a) the discrimination is by sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or familial status
818	for reasons of personal modesty or privacy, or in the furtherance of a religious institution's free
819	exercise of religious rights under the First Amendment of the United States Constitution[-] or
820	the Utah Constitution; and
821	(b) the dwelling or the temporary or permanent residence facility is:
822	(i) operated by a nonprofit or charitable organization;
823	(ii) owned by, operated by, or under contract with a religious organization, a religious
824	association, a religious educational institution, or a religious society;
825	(iii) owned by, operated by, or under contract with an affiliate of an entity described in
826	Subsection (2)(b)(ii); or
827	(iv) owned by or operated by a person under contract with an entity described in
828	Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
829	(3) This chapter, except for Subsection 57-21-5(2), does not apply to the rental of a

- (3) This chapter, except for Subsection 57-21-5(2), does not apply to the rental of a room in [the] a single-family dwelling by an owner-occupant of [a] the single-family dwelling to another person if:
  - (a) the dwelling is designed for occupancy by four or fewer families[7]; and
- (b) the owner-occupant resides in one of the units.

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834	[(4) This chapter does not prohibit a religious organization, association, or society, or
835	any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised, or controlled by or in
836	conjunction with a religious organization, association, or society, from]
837	(4) (a) (i) Unless membership in a religion is restricted by race, color, sex, or national
838	origin, this chapter does not prohibit an entity described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) from:
839	(A) limiting the sale, rental, or occupancy of [dwellings it] a dwelling or temporary or
840	permanent residence facility the entity owns or operates for primarily noncommercial purposes
841	to persons of the same religion[;]; or [from giving preference to such persons, unless
842	membership in the religion is restricted by race, color, sex, or national origin.]
843	(B) giving preference to persons of the same religion when selling, renting, or selecting
844	occupants for a dwelling, or a temporary or permanent residence facility, the entity owns or
845	operates for primarily noncommercial purposes.
846	(ii) The following entities are entitled to the exemptions described in Subsection
847	(4)(a)(i):
848	(A) a religious organization, association, or society; or
849	(B) a nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised, or controlled by or in
850	conjunction with a religious organization, association, or society.
851	(b) (i) This chapter does not prohibit an entity described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) from:
852	(A) limiting the sale, rental, or occupancy of a dwelling, or a temporary or permanent
853	residence facility, the entity owns or operates to persons of a particular religion, sex, sexual
854	orientation, or gender identity; or
855	(B) giving preference to persons of a particular religion, sex, sexual orientation, or
856	gender identity when selling, renting, or selecting occupants for a dwelling, or a temporary or
857	permanent residence facility, the entity owns or operates.
858	(ii) The following entities are entitled to the exemptions described in Subsection
859	(4)(b)(i):
860	(A) an entity described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii); and
861	(B) a person who owns a dwelling, or a temporary or permanent residence facility, that
862	is under contract with an entity described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii).
863	(5) [This] (a) If the conditions of Subsection (5)(b) are met, this chapter does not
864	prohibit a private club not open to the public, including [fraternities and sororities] a fraternity

865 or sorority associated with [institutions] an institution of higher education, from: 866 (i) limiting the rental or occupancy of lodgings to members; or [from] 867 (ii) giving preference to its members[, but only if it]. 868 (b) This Subsection (5) applies only if the private club owns or operates the lodgings as 869 an incident to its primary purpose and not for a commercial purpose. 870 (6) This chapter does not prohibit distinctions based on inability to fulfill the terms and 871 conditions, including financial obligations, of a lease, rental agreement, contract of purchase or 872 sale, mortgage, trust deed, or other financing agreement. 873 (7) This chapter does not prohibit [any] a nonprofit educational institution from: (a) requiring its single students to live in [housing approved, operated, or owned by the 874 875 institution] a dwelling, or a temporary or permanent residence facility, that is owned by, 876 operated by, or under contract with the nonprofit educational institution; 877 (b) segregating [housing that the institution approves, operates, or owns] a dwelling, or 878 a temporary or permanent residence facility, that is owned by, operated by, or under contract 879 with the nonprofit educational institution on the basis of sex or familial status or both: 880 (i) for reasons of personal modesty or privacy[-]; or 881 (ii) in the furtherance of a religious institution's free exercise of religious rights under 882 the First Amendment of the United States Constitution or the Utah Constitution; or 883 (c) otherwise assisting [others] another person in making [sex-segregated housing] a 884 dwelling, or a temporary or permanent residence facility, available to students on a 885 sex-segregated basis as may be permitted by: 886 (i) regulations implementing the federal Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 [and]; 887 (ii) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972[-]; or 888 (iii) other applicable law. 889 (8) This chapter does not prohibit any reasonable local, state, or federal [restrictions] 890 restriction regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a dwelling. 891 (9) [The provisions pertaining] A provision of this chapter that pertains to familial 892 status [do] does not apply to the existence, development, sale, rental, advertisement, or 893 financing of [any] an apartment complex, condominium, or other housing development 894 designated as housing for older persons, as defined by Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of

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1968, as amended.

Section 15. Section **57-21-5** is amended to read:

## 57-21-5. Discriminatory practices enumerated -- Protected persons, classes enumerated.

- (1) It is a discriminatory housing practice to do any of the following because of a person's race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, source of income, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity:
  - (a) (i) refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer[;];
  - (ii) refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental[7]; or
    - (iii) otherwise deny or make unavailable [any] a dwelling from any person;
    - (b) discriminate against [any] a person in the terms, conditions, or privileges:
    - (i) of the sale or rental of [any] a dwelling; or
    - (ii) in providing facilities or services in connection with the dwelling; or
- (c) represent to [any]  $\underline{a}$  person that [any]  $\underline{a}$  dwelling is not available for inspection, sale, or rental when [in fact] the dwelling is available.
- (2) It is a discriminatory housing practice to make a representation orally or in writing or make, print, circulate, publish, post, or cause to be made, printed, circulated, published, or posted any notice, statement, or advertisement, or to use any application form for the sale or rental of a dwelling, that directly or indirectly expresses any preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, source of income, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity, or expresses any intent to make any such preference, limitation, or discrimination.
- (3) It is a discriminatory housing practice to induce or attempt to induce, for profit, [any] a person to buy, sell, or rent [any] a dwelling by making [representations] a representation about the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of persons of a particular race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, source of income, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity.
  - (4) A discriminatory housing practice includes:
- (a) a refusal to permit, at the expense of the person with a disability, reasonable modifications of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by the person if the modifications are necessary to afford that person full enjoyment of the premises, except that in the case of a rental, the landlord, where it is reasonable to do so, may condition permission for

a modification on the renter agreeing to restore the interior of the premises, when reasonable, to the condition that existed before the modification, reasonable wear and tear excepted;

- (b) a refusal to make <u>a</u> reasonable [accommodations in rules, policies, practices, or services when the accommodations] accommodation in a rule, policy, practice, or service when the accommodation may be necessary to afford the person equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling; and
- (c) in connection with the design and construction of covered multifamily dwellings for first occupancy after March 13, 1991, a failure to design and construct [those] the covered multifamily dwellings in a manner that:
- (i) the <u>covered multifamily</u> dwellings have at least one building entrance on an accessible route, unless it is impracticable to have one because of the terrain or unusual characteristics of the site; and
- (ii) with respect to <u>covered multifamily</u> dwellings with a building entrance on an accessible route:
- (A) the public use and common use portions of the <u>covered multifamily</u> dwelling are readily accessible to and usable by a person with a disability;
- (B) all the doors designed to allow passage into and within the <u>covered multifamily</u> dwellings are sufficiently wide to allow passage by a person with a disability who is in a wheelchair; and
- (C) all premises within [these] the covered multifamily dwellings contain the following features of adaptive design:
  - (I) an accessible route into and through the covered multifamily dwelling;
- (II) light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats, and other environmental controls in accessible locations;
  - (III) reinforcements in the bathroom walls to allow later installation of grab bars; and
- (IV) kitchens and bathrooms such that an individual in a wheelchair can maneuver about and use the space.
- (5) This section also applies to discriminatory housing practices because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, source of income, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity based upon a person's association with another person.
  - Section 16. Section **57-21-6** is amended to read:

958	57-21-6. Discriminatory housing practices regarding residential real
959	estate-related transactions Discriminatory housing practices regarding the provisions
960	of brokerage services.
961	(1) (a) It is a discriminatory housing practice for [any] a person whose business
962	includes engaging in residential real estate-related transactions to discriminate against [any] a
963	person in making available [such] a residential real estate-related transaction, or in the terms or
964	conditions of the <u>residential real estate-related</u> transaction, because of race, color, religion, sex,
965	disability, familial status, source of income, [or] national origin, sexual orientation, or gender
966	identity.
967	(b) Residential real estate-related transactions include:
968	[(a)] (i) making or purchasing loans or providing other financial assistance:
969	[(i)] (A) for purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing, or maintaining a dwelling;
970	or
971	[(ii)] (B) secured by residential real estate; or
972	[(b)] (ii) selling, brokering, or appraising residential real property.
973	(2) It is a discriminatory housing practice to, because of race, color, religion, sex,
974	disability, familial status, source of income, national origin, sexual orientation, or gender
975	identity:
976	(a) deny [any] $\underline{a}$ person access to, or membership or participation in, [any] $\underline{a}$
977	multiple-listing service, real estate brokers' organization, or other service, organization, or
978	facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings; or [to]
979	(b) discriminate against [any] a person in the terms or conditions of access,
980	membership, or participation in the organization, service, or facility [because of race, color,
981	religion, sex, disability, familial status, source of income, or national origin].
982	(3) This section also applies to $\underline{a}$ discriminatory housing [practices] practice because of
983	race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, source of income, [or] disability,
984	sexual orientation, or gender identity based upon a person's association with another person.
985	Section 17. Section 57-21-7 is amended to read:
986	57-21-7. Prohibited conduct Aiding or abetting in discriminatory actions
987	Obstruction of division investigation Reprisals.
988	(1) It is a discriminatory housing practice to do any of the following:

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(a) coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with [any] a person:

- (i) in the exercise or enjoyment of [any] a right granted or protected under this chapter;
- 991 (ii) because that person exercised [any] <u>a</u> right granted or protected under this chapter;

992 or

- (iii) because that person aided or encouraged any other person in the exercise or enjoyment of [any] a right granted or protected under this chapter;
- (b) aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce a person to engage in [any of the practices] <u>a</u> practice prohibited by this chapter;
- (c) attempt to aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce a person to engage in [any of the practices] a practice prohibited by this chapter;
- (d) obstruct or prevent [any]  $\underline{a}$  person from complying with this chapter, or any order issued under this chapter;
- (e) resist, prevent, impede, or interfere with the director or [any division employees or representatives] a division employee or representative in the performance of duty under this chapter; or
  - (f) engage in [any] a reprisal against [any] a person because that person:
  - (i) opposed a practice prohibited under this chapter; or
- (ii) filed a complaint, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in [any] an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this chapter.
- (2) This section also applies to discriminatory housing practices because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, source of income, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity based upon a person's association with another person.
  - Section 18. Section **57-21-12** is amended to read:

## 57-21-12. Other rights of action.

(1) In addition to the procedure outlined in Subsection 57-21-9(1), a person aggrieved by a discriminatory housing practice may commence a private civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction within two years after an alleged discriminatory housing practice occurred, within two years after the termination of an alleged discriminatory housing practice, or within two years after a breach of a conciliation agreement. The division shall inform the aggrieved person in writing about this option within 30 days after the aggrieved person files a complaint under Section 57-21-9.

(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the computation of this two-year time period does not include any time during which an administrative proceeding under this chapter was pending with respect to a complaint filed under this chapter.

- (b) The tolling of the two-year time period does not apply to actions arising from a breach of a conciliation agreement.
- (3) An aggrieved person may commence a private civil action even though a complaint has been filed with the division, in which case the division is barred from continuing or commencing any adjudicative proceeding in connection with the same claims under this chapter after:
  - (a) the beginning of a civil action brought by a complainant or aggrieved person; or
- (b) the parties have reached an agreement in settlement of claims arising from the complaint.
  - (4) An aggrieved person may not file a private civil action under this section if:
- (a) the division has obtained a conciliation agreement, except for the purpose of enforcing the terms of the conciliation agreement; or
- (b) a formal adjudicative hearing has been commenced under Section 57-21-10 regarding the same complaint.
- (5) Upon written application by a person alleging a discriminatory housing practice prohibited under this chapter in a private civil action, or by a person against whom the violations are alleged, the court may:
  - (a) appoint an attorney for the applicant; and

- (b) authorize the commencement or continuation of a private civil action without the payment of fees, costs, or security if, in the opinion of the court, the applicant is financially unable to bear the costs of the civil action.
- (6) Upon timely application, the division may intervene in a private civil action brought under this subsection if the division certifies that the case is of general importance.
- (7) In a private civil action, if the court finds that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the court may:
  - (a) order the respondent to cease any discriminatory housing practice;
- 1049 (b) award to the plaintiff actual damages, punitive damages, and reasonable [attorneys']
  1050 attorney fees and costs; and

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(c) grant, as the court considers appropriate, any permanent or temporary injunction,
temporary restraining order, or other order as may be appropriate, including civil penalties
under Section 57-21-11.
(8) This chapter does not preclude any private right of action by an aggrieved person
based on otherwise applicable law not included in this chapter.
Section 19. Revisor instructions.
The Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, in
preparing the Utah Code database for publication, modify the language in Sections
34A-5-102.7 and 57-21-2.7 from "this bill" to the bill's designated chapter number in the Laws
of Utah.

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